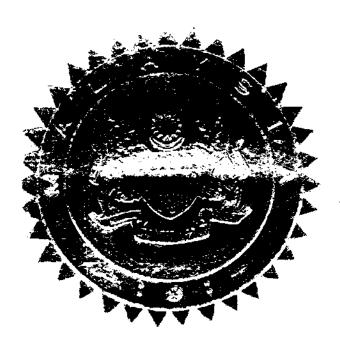


UNDANG-UNDANG MALAYSIA

Akta A324

AKTA KANUN ACARA JENAYAH (PINDAAN DAN PERLUASAN), 1976



Beta bersetuju

Yang di-Pertuan Agong

8hb Januari, 1976

UNDANG-UNDANG MALAYSIA

Akta A324

AKTA KANUN ACARA JENAYAH (PINDAAN DAN PERLUASAN) 1976

Suatu Akta bagi meminda Kanun Acara Jenayah (N.M.B. Bab 6) dan bagi memperluaskan Kanun itu sebagaimana dipinda ke Negeri-negeri Melaka, Pulau Pinang, Sabah dan Sarawak.

[

MAKA INILAH DIPERBUAT UNDANG-UNDANG oleh Duli Yang Maim Mulia Seri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pertuan Agong dengan nasihat dan persetujuan Dewan Negara dan Dewan Rakyat yang bersidang dalam Parlimen, dan dengan kuasa daripadanya, seperti berikut:

1. (1) Akta ini bolehlah dinamakan Akta Kanun Acara Jenayah (Pindaan dan Perluasan), 1976.

Tajuk ringkas dan pemakaian.

- (2) Akta ini hendaklah dipakai bagi semua penyiasatan, siasatan, perbicaraan, kes dan lain-lain pembicaraan yang belum selesai pada tarikh berjalan kuatkuasanya Akta ini mengikut cara yang sama seperti ianya dipakai bagi penyiasatan, siasatan, perbicaraan, kes dan lain-lain pembicaraan yang dimulakan selepas berjalan kuatkuasanya Akta ini.
- 2. (1) Kanun Acara Jenayah bagi Negeri-negeri Melayu Bersekutu yang dahulu (kemudian daripada ini disebut sebagai Kanun itu) adalah dengan ini dipinda mengikut cara dan setakat yang dinyatakan dalam Jadual.

Pindaan dan perluasan bagi N.M.B. Bab 6.

- (2) Kanun itu, sebagaimana dipinda sedemikian, adalah dengan ini diperluaskan untuk berkuatkuasa di seluruh Malaysia.
- 3. Bab XXI Kanun itu (yang menurut seksyen 4 Ordinan Kanun Acara Jenayah (Pindaan), 1957, telah berhenti ber kuatkuasa pada lhb Januari, 1958) dan semua rujukan dalam Bab XXIII kepada pengapit hakim (iaitu Bab yang menurut seksyen 7 Ordinan tersebut ditafsirkan dari tarikh itu seolah-olah rujukan -rujukan itu telah dipotong) adalah dengan ini dihidupkan bagi maksud kuatkuasa Kanun itu di Sabah dan Sarawak menurut seksyen 2 (2) Akta ini dan hendaklah mempunyai kuatkuasa hanya dalam Neger-inegeri itu sahaja.

Menghidupkan Bab XXI dan setengahsetengah peruntukan Bab XXII1. 69/57.

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Pemansuhan. 4. Undang-undang yang berikut adalah dengan ini dimansuhkan-

N.S. Bab 21.

(a) Kanun Acara Jenayah bagi Negeri-negeri Selat yang dahulu;

Sabah 4/59.

(b) Kanun Acara Jenayah Sabah;

Swk. Bab 58. Akta 56. (c) Kanun Acara Jenayah Sarawak; dan

(d) seksyen-seksyen 25 (2), 26 (2), 27 (2), 28 (2), 29 (2) dan 30 (2) Akta Keterangan, 1950.

JADUAL

(Seksyen 2 (1))

PINDAAN KEPADA KANUN ACARA JENAYAH (N.M.B. Bab 6)

Seksyen/ peruntukan

Pindaan

2 (i)

- 1. Gantikan takrif "advocate" dengan-"advocate' has the meaning assigned by section 3 of the Interpretation Act. 1967;';
- 2. Masukkan takrif baru yang berikut selepas sahaja takrif "Court":

'"diplomatic officer" means an Ambassador, High Commissioner. Minister. Charge d'Affaires, Deputy High Commissioner, Secretary and Attache of a Diplomatic Mission of Malaysia, including a High Commission within the meaning of the Diplomatic and Consular Officers (Oaths and Fees) Act, 1959;';

3. Dalam takrif "Court" potong "in

Malaya";

- 4. Potong takrif bagi "Minister"; dan
- 5. Gantikan perkataan "seven" yang terdapat dalam takrif "youthful offender" dengan perkataan "ten".

5

Gantikan "the Republic of Singapore" dengan "England".

56

Potong dan gantkan dengan-

"Magistrate may issue warrant anthoridan search for evidence of offence."

56. If a Magistrate, upon information and after such inquiry as he thinks necessary. has reason to believe that anything upon, by or in respect of which an offence has been compared. after such inquiry as he thinks necessary. has reason to believe that anything upon, by or in respect of which an offence has been committed, or any evidence or thing which is necessary to the conduct of an investigation into any offence, may be found in any place, he may, by warrant, authorize the person to whom it is directed to enter,

6/59

Seksyen/ peruntukan

Pindaan

with such assistance as may be required, and search the place for any such evidence or thing, and, if anything searched for is found, to seize it and bring it before the Magistrate issuing the warrant, or some other Magistrate, to be dealt with in accordance with law.".

83 Gantikan "superior police officer" dengan "police officer not below the rank of Inspector".

84 hiagga 87 termasuk

Potong dan gantikan dengan-

Forcible dispersal of unlaw ful assem blies 46/58

84. If any unlawful assembly is commanded to disperse under section 83 or under section 5 of the Public Order (Preservation) Ordinance, 1958, and does Order not disperse, or if, without having been commanded to disperse, it conducts itself in such a manner as to show a determination not to disperse, any police officer, any member of the armed forces or any other person acting in aid of a police officer or member of the armed forces may do all things necessary for dispersing the persons so continuing assembled and for apprehending them or any of them, and, if any person makes resistance, may use such force as is reasonably necessary for overcoming resistance and shall not be liable in any criminal or civil proceedings for having by the use of such force caused harm or death to any person or damage to any property.".

88 ... Potong dan gantikan dengan-

againts prosecution

"Protection 88. (1) No prosecution against any Magistrate. police officer or member of the armed forces for any act purporting to be done under this Chapter shall be instituted in any Court except with the sanction in writing of the Public Prosecutor personally or, in Sabah or Sarawak, of the Director of Public Prosecutions.

(2) Where a prosecution is sanctioned as aforesaid for an act purporting to be done under this Chapter, no Magistrate, police officer, member of the armed forces or person acting in aid of a police officer or member of the armed forces shall, if the Court is satisfied that the act was done in good faith or, if it was done by a member of the armed forces, that it was done in obedience to an order which under

naval,

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Seksyen/ peruntukan

Pindaan

military or air force law he was bound to obey, be deemed to have thereby committed an offence.".

113 ... Potong dan gantikan dengan-

"Admission of statements in evidence.

113. (1) Where any person is charged with any offence any statement, whether the statement amounts to a confession or not or is oral or in writing, made at any time, whether before or after the person is charged and whether in the course of a police investigation or not and whether or not wholly or partly in answer to questions by that person to or in the hearing of any police officer of or above the rank of Inspector and whether or not interpreted to him by another police officer or other person shall be admissible in evidence at his trial and, if the person charged tenders himself as a witness, any such statement may be used in cross-examination and for the purpose of impeaching his credit:

Provided that-

(a) no such statement shall be admissible or used as aforesaid

- (i) if the making of the statement appears to the court to have been caused by any inducement, threat or promise having reference to the charge proceeding from a person in authority and sufficient in the opinion of the court to give the person charged grounds which would appear to him reasonable for supposing that by making it he would gain any advantage or avoid any evil of a temporal nature in reference to the proceeding against him; or
- (ii) in the case of a statement made by the person after his arrest, unless the court is satisfied that a caution was administered to him in the following words or words to the like effect:

"It is my duty to warn you that you are not obliged

KANUN ACARA JENAYAH (PINDAAN DAN PERLUASAN)

Seksyen/ peruntukan

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Pindaan

to say anything or to answer any question, but anything you say, whether in answer to a question or not, may be given in evidence": and

- (b) a statement made by any person before there is time to caution him shall not be rendered inadmissible in evidence merely by reason of no such caution having been administered if it has been administered as soon as possible.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any written law a person accused of an offence to which subsection (1) applies shall not be bound to answer any questions relating to the case after any such caution as aforesaid has been administered to him."
- 114... Potong seksyen-kecil (i) dan nota bidai dan potong angka "(ii)" di permulaan seksyen-kecil (ii).
 - Tambah yang berikut di hujung seksyen-kecil (ii) selepas perkataan-perkataan "having such juris-diction"

"or, if the case is triable only by the High Court. before himself or another Magistrate having jurisdiction with a view to committal for trial by the High Court".

Potong seksyen-kecil (i) dan gantikan dengan-

124 ... "(i) The offence of having escaped fro

"(i) The offence of having escaped from custody may be inquired into or tried by a Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the alleged escape occured or a Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the person charged with escaping teas apprehended after the alleged escape."

127 ... Potong dan gantikan dengan-

"when doubt arises High Court by which any offence should under the preceding provisions of this Chapter be inquired into or tried the High Court may

(a) of its own motion: or

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(b) if a Court subordinate to the High Court refers the question to the High Court for directions; or (c) upon application made by the Public

Prosecutor or the person charged, decide by which Court the offence shall be inquired into or tried:

Provided that before the decision is taken by the High Court the Public Prosecutor and the person charged shall be entitled to be heard.".

127A dan 127_B

Masukkan selepas sahaja seksyen 127, seksyen -seksyen baru yang berikut-

committed out of Malaysia.

"Liability for 127A. (1) Any offence under Chapter VI of the Penal Code, any offence under any of the written laws specified in the Schedule to the Extra-territorial Offences Act, 1976, or any offence under any other written law the commission of which is certified by the Attorney-General to affect the security of the Federation committed, as the case may

- (a) on the high seas on board any ship or on any aircraft registered i Malaysia;
- (b) by any citizen or any permanent resident on the high seas on board any ship or on any aircraft; or
- (c) by any citizen or any permanent resident in any place without and beyond the limits of Malaysia, may be dealt with as if it had been

committed at any place within Malaysia:

Provided -

that notwithstanding anything in (i) any of the preceding sections of this Chapter no charge as to any such offence shall be inquired into in Malaysia unless a diplomatic officer, if there is one, in the territory in which the offence is alleged to have been committed certifies that, in his opinion, the charge ought be inquired into Malaysia; and,

where there is no diplomatic officer, the sanction of the Public Prosecutor shall be required

that any proceedings taken (ii) against any person under this section which

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would be a bar to subsequent proceedings against that person for the same offence if the offence had been committed in Malaysia shall be a bar to further proceedings against him under any written law relating to extradition or the surrender of fugitive criminals in force in Malaysia in respect of the same offence in any territory beyond the limits of west Malaysia.

(2) For the purposes of this section the expression "permanent resident" has the meaning assigned by the Courts of Judicature Act. 1964.

Power to direct copies to depositions and exhibits to be received in evidence

Act 91

127R. Wherever any such offence as is referred to in section 127A is being inquired into or tried, the Public Prosecutor may, if he thinks fit, direct that copies of depositions made or exhibits produced before the diplomatic officer in or for the territory in which the offence is alleged to have been committed shall be received as evidence by the Court holding the inquiry or trial in any case in which such Court might issue a commission for taking evidence as to the matters to which the depositions or exhibits relate.".

Potong dan gantikan dengan,-138

> "Procedure in inquines preparatory to commitment

138. The following procedure shall be adopted in inquiries before a Magistrate where the inquiry is held with a view to committal for trial before the High Court, and. except as otherwise provided in Chapter XLII, no person shall be tried before such Court unless he shall have been committed for trial after a preliminary inquiry under the provisions of this Chapter.".

Masukkan dalam Bab XXI sebelum seksyen 184 seksyen baru yang berikut-

"Application of this Chapter

183a

183A. (1) This Chapter shall apply only to Sabah and Sarawak.
(2) Parliament may at any time by resolution passed by both Houses declare that this Chapter shall cease to apply to Sabah, or to Sarawak, or to both, and upon the passing of such resolution this Chapter shall apply accordingly."

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Seksyen/ Peruntukan		Pindaan
184 (ii)		Gantikan perkataan-perkataan "with the approval of the Yang di-Pertuan Agong" dengan "after consultation with the Director of Public Prosecutions".
197		Potong perkataan -perkataan ". and his reasons therefor." dalam ayat pertama dan perkataan -perkataan "and reasons" dalam ayat kedua.
199A		Masukkan selepas sahaja tajuk Bab XXII seksyen baru yang berikut:- "Application of this Chapter shall apply to all the States of West Malaysia and only to those States Provided that Parliament may at any time by resolution passed by both Houses declare that this Chapter shall apply to Sabah, or to Sarawak, or to both, and upon the passing of such a resolution this Chapter shall apply with effect from such date as may be specified in the resolution."
235A		Masukkan selepas sahaja di bawah tajuk Bab XXIII seksyen baru yang berikut- "Applicati n of this Chapter relating to jurors and juries shall apply to the States of West Malaysia, and the provisions relating to assessors shall apply to Sabah and Sarawak."
244 (iii)		Gantikan perkataan-perkataan "at the last preceding Assizes" dengan "since the last occasion on which all the names in the ballot-box have been exhausted".
245, 247 (ii)		Gantikan perkataan "Assizes" dengan "trial".
dan 248 (a) 247 (iii)		Poton g perkataan -perkataan ". whether before or during
252		the Assizes,". Potong dan gantikan dengan-
		"Person committed for trial obe tried as soon as practicable as soon as practicable as soon as practicable after the record of the proceedings and the copy thereof required to be forwarded under section 147 have reached the Registrar and the Public Prosecutor respectively: Provided that a Judge may, for good cause to be recorded by him in writing, postpone from time to time the trial of any person committed for trial."

KANUN ACARA JENAYAH (PINDAAN DAN PERLUASAN)

Seksyen/ peruntukan

Pindaan

303 ... Masukkan di permulaan Bab XXX seksyen baru yang berikut -

> "Appeals from Sessign court's

303A. Any reference in this Chapter to a Magistrate and a Magistrate's Court shall be deemed to include a reference to a President of Sessions Court, or a Sessions Court, as the case may be; and the expressions "Magistrate" and "Magistrate's Court" shall be construed accordingly." Court" shall be construed accordingly.".

324 ... Nomborkan semula sebagai "324 (1)" dan tambah seksyen-kecil yang berikut-

> "(2) The provisions of section 303A shall apply for the construction of subsection (1).".

376... 1. Masukkan selepas sahaja seksyen-kecil (i) seksyen kecil baru yang berikut:

> "(iA) The State Attorney-General, Sabah shall be the Director of Public Prosecutions in Sabah and the State Attorney-General, Sarawak shall be the Director of Public Prosecutions in Sarawak and shall act as Public Prosecutor in their respective States with all the powers of the Public Prosecutor and a state of the Public Prosecutor. under the general direction and control of the Attorney-General."; dan

- 2. Potong seksyen-kecil (iii) dan (iv) dan gantikan dengan-
 - "(iii) The Public Prosecutor or, subject to his directions (if any) the Director of Public Prosecutions in Sabah or Sarawak, as the case may be, may appoint fit and proper persons to be Deputy Public Prosecutors who shall be under the general control and direction of the Public Prosecutor and may exercise all or any of the rights and powers vested in or exercisable by the Public Prosecutor or the Director of Public Prosecutions by or under this Code or any other written law except any rights or powers expressed to be exercisable by the Public Prosecutor or the Director of Public Prosecutions personally.
 - (iv) The rights and powers vested in or exercisable by the Public Prosecutor or the Director of Public Prosecutions by subsection (iii)

and sections 68 (ii).
184 (ii), 381, 385 and 386 shall be exercisable by the Public Prosecutor or the Director of Public

Prosecutions personally.".

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Seksyen/ peruntukat

Pindaan

402A

Masukkan seksyen baru yang berikut di hujung Bab XXXIX-

"Notice to be given of defence of alibi.

"High court's

power to transfer

402A. (1) Where in any criminal trial the accused seeks to put forward a defence of alibi, evidence in support thereof shall not be admitted unless the accused shall have given notice in writing thereof to the Public Prosecutor at least ten days before the commencement of the trial.

(2) The notice required by subsection (1) shall include particulars of the place where the accused claims to have been at the time of the commission of the first of the commission of the offence with which he is charged, together with the names and addresses of any witnesses whom he intends to call for the purpose of establishing his

alibi.".

417

Potong dan gantikan-

417. (1) Whenever it is made to appear to the High Court

(a) that a fair and impartial inquiry or trial cannot be had in any criminal Court subordinate thereto; or

(b) that some question of law of unusual

- difficulty is likely to arise; or

 (c) that a view of the place in or
 near which any offence has been
 committed may be required for the
 satisfactory inquiry into or trial of the same; or
- (d) that an order under this section will tend to the general convenience of the parties or witnesses; or
- (e) that such an order is expedient for the ends of justice, or is required by any provision of this Code,

it may order-

- (aa) that any offence be inquired into or tried by any Court not empowered under sections 121 to 126 but in other respects competent to inquire into or try such offence; or
- (bb) that any particular case or class of cases be transferred from a criminal Court subordinate thereto to any other such criminal Court of equal or superior jurisdiction; or

KANUN ACARA JENAYAH (PINDAAN DAN PERLUASAN) 13

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Pindaan

(cc) that any particular criminal case be transferred to and tried before the High Court; or

(dd) that an accused person be committed for trial before the High Court; or

(ee) that a person committed for trial in one place be tried in another place.

- (2) The High Court may make an order under subsection (1) either on the report of the lower Court, or on the application of the Public Prosecutor or the accused person, or on its own initiative.
- (3) (a) When an order is made under paragraph (cc) of subsection (1) the lower Court before which the inquiry into, or the trial of, the offence against the accused

person is pending shall,

(if the case is triable by the lower

Court) without holding a preliminary
inquiry under Chapter XVII; or (if the case is triable by the High Court and the preliminary inquiry under Chapter XVII is in progress or has not yet commenced when the order is made) without holding or completing such preliminary inquiry,

cause the accused person to appear or be brought before the High Court on the date specified in the said order or as soon as may be practicable if no such date is specified.

(b) When the accused person appears or is brought before the High Court in accordance with paragraph (a), it shall fix a date for his trial which shall be held in accordance with the procedure under Chapter XX.

(4) The Court to which a case is transferred under this section may act on the evidence already recorded in an inquiry or a trial or partly so recorded and partly recorded by itself, or it may resummon the witnesses and re-commence the inquiry or trial:

Provided that in any case so transferred the Public Prosecutor or the accused person may, when the Court to which the case is transferred commences its proceedings, apply that the witnesses or any of them

be resummoned and reheard.".

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418A

Masukkan seksyen baru yang berikut dalam Bab XLII selepas sahaja seksyen 418-

"Trials
by high
court on a
certificate
by the
Public
Prosecutor

- 418A. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 417, the Public Prosecutor may in any particular case triable by a criminal Court subordinate to the High Court issue a certificate requiring the Court before which the case is pending to remove it to the High Court at such place as may be specified in the certificate and to cause the accused person to appear or be produced before the said High Court.
- (2) The power of the Public Prosecutor under subsection (1) shall be exercised by him personally.
- (3) Upon receipt of the certificate, the Court before *which* the case is triable shall without holding a preliminary inquiry under Chapter XVII transmit the case to the High Court mentioned in the certificate and cause the accused person to appear or be brought before such High Court as soon as may be practicable; and thereafter the provisions of subsection (3) (b) and subsection (4) of section 417 shall apply to such case *mutatis mutandis*."

Jadual Pertama Ruang 7 hendaklah mempunyai kuasa dengan ubabsuaian-ubahsuaian sebagaimana yang perlu bagi membolehkan hukuman-hukuman yang disebutkan di dalamnya itu sesuai dengan hukuman-hukuman yang dipinda yang ditetapkan dalam Akta Kanun Keseksaan (Pindaan dan Perluasan), 1976.



LAWS OF MALAYSIA

Act A324

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE (AMENDMENT AND EXTENSION) ACT, 1976

LAWS OF MALAYSIA

Act A324

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE (AMENDMENT AND EXTENSION) ACT, 1976

An Act to amend the Criminal Procedure Code (F.M.S. *Cap.* 6) and to extend the Code as amended to the States of Malacca, Penang, Sahah and Sarawak.

BE IT ENACTED by the Duli Yang Maha Mulia Seri Paduka Baginda Yang di-Pertuan Agong with the advice and consent of the Dewan Negara and Dewan Rakyat in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows;

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the Criminal Procedure Code (Amendment and Extension) Act, 1976.

Short title and application.

- (2) This Act shall apply to all investigations, inquiries, trials, cases and other proceedings pending on the date of its coming into force in the same manner as it applies to investigations, inquiries, trials, cases and other proceedings commenced after its coming into force.
- 2. (1) The Criminal Procedure Code of the former Federated Malay States (hereinafter referred to as the Code) is hereby amended in the manner and to the extent specified in the Schedule.

Amendment and extension of *F.M.S. Cap.* 6.

- (2) The Code as so amended, is hereby extended to have effect throughout Malaysia.
- 3. Chapter XXI of the Code (which by virtue of section 4 of the Criminal Procedure Code (Amendment) Ordinance, 1957, ceased to be in force on the 1st day of January, 1958) and all references in Chapter XXIII to assessors (which Chapter is by virtue of section 7 of the said Ordinance to be construed from that date as if those references were deleted) are hereby revived for the purpose of the operation of the Code in Sabah and Sarawak in pursuance of section 2 (2) of this Act and shall have effect only in those States.

Revival of Chapter XXI and of certain provisions of Chapter XXIII 69/57.

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S.S.Cap. 21, Sabah 4/59

Repeal.

Sarawak

Cap. 58.

Act 56.

- 4. The following laws are hereby repealed
 - (a) the Criminal Procedure Code of the former Straits Settlements:
 - (b) the Criminal Procedure Code of Sabah;
 - (c) the Criminal Procedure Code of Sarawak; and
 - (d) sections 25 (2), 26 (2), 27 (2), 28 (2), 29 (2) and 30 (2) of the Evidence Act, 1950.

SCHEDULE

(Section 2(1))

AMENDMENTS TO THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE (F.M.S. Can. 6)

Section/ provision

Amendment

2 (I)

- 1. For the definition of "advocate" substitute badvocate" has the meaning assigned by section 3 of the Interpretation Act, 1967;'; 23/67.
- 2. Insert the following new definition immediately after the definition of "Court":

"'diplomatic officer" means an Ambassador, High Commissioner, Minister, Charge d'Affaires, Deputy High Commis-sioner, Secretary and Attache of a Diplomatic Mission of Malaysia, including a High Commission within the meaning of the Diplomatic and Consular Officers (Oaths and Fees) Act, 1959; ;

6/59

- 3. In the definition of "Court" delete "in Malaya";
- 4. Delete the definition of "Minister"; and
- 5. For the word "seven" appearing in the definition of "youthful offender" substitute the word "ten".

5

For "the Republic of Singapore" substitute "England".

56 Delete and substitute-

"Magistrate 56. If a Magistrate, upon information and may issue warrant after such inquiry as he thinks necessary, authorizing search for evidence of offence. has been committed, or any evidence of has been committed, or any evidence of the problem of the thing which is necessary to the conduct of an investigation into any offence, may be found in any place, he may, by warrant, authorize the person to whom it is directed to enter, with such assistance, as may be required, and search the place for any such evidence or thing, and, if anything searched for is found, to seize it and bring it before the Magistrate issuing the warrant, or some other Magistrate, to be dealt with in accordance with law.".

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE (AMENDMENT AND EXTENSION)⁵

Section/ provision Amendment

83

For "superior police officer" substitute "police officer not below the rank of Inspector".

84 to 87 inclusive

Delete and substitute -

"Forcible dispersal of unlawful assemblies.

46/58

84. If any unlawful assembly is commanded to disperse under section 83 or under section 5 of the Public Order (Preservation) Ordinance, 1958. and does not disperse, or if, without having been commanded to disperse, it conducts itself in such a manner as to show a determination not to disperse, any police officer, any member of the armed forces or any other person acting in aid of a police officer or member of the armed forces may do all things necessary for dispersing the persons so continuing assembled and for apprehending them or any of them, and, if any person makes resistance, may use such force as is reasonably necessary for overcoming resistance and shall not be liable in any criminal or civil proceedings for having by the use of such force caused harm or death to any person or damage to any property."

88 Delete and substitute -

"Protection against prosecution.

88. (I) No prosecution against any Magistrate, police officer or member of the armed forces for any act purporting to be done under this Chapter shall be instituted in any Court except with the sanction in writing of the Public Prosecutor personally or, in Sabah or Sarawak, of the Director of Public Prosecutions.

(2) Where a prosecution is sanctioned as aforesaid for an act purporting to be done under this Chapter, no Magistrate, police officer, member of the armed forces or person acting in aid of a police officer or member of the armed forces shall, if the Court is satisfied that the act was done in good faith or, if it was done by a member of the armed forces, that it was done in obedience to an order which under naval, military or air force law he was bound to obey, be deemed to have thereby committed an offence."

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Section/ nrovision

Amendment

113 ... Delete and substitute -

"Admission of statemeats in evidence.

113. (1) Where any person is charged with any offence any statement, whether the statement amounts to a confession or not or is oral or in writing, made at any time, whether before or after the person is charged and whether in the course of a police investigation or not and whether or not wholly or partly in answer to questions, by that person to or in the hearing of any police officer of or above the rank of Inspector and whether or not interpreted to him by another police officer or other person shall be admissible in evidence at his trial and, if the person charged tenders himself as a witness, any such statement may be used in cross-examination and for the purpose of impeaching his credit:

Provided that-

- (a) no such statement shall be admissible or used as afore said-
 - (i) if the making of the statement appears to the court to have been caused by any inducement, threat or promise having reference to the charge proceeding from a person in authority and sufficient in the opinion of the court to give the person charged grounds appear would to him reasonable for supposing that by making it he would gain any advantage or avoid any evil of a temporal nature in reference to the proceeding against him; or
 - (ii) in the case of a statement made by the person after his arrest, unless the court is satisfied that a caution was administered to him in the following words or words to the like effect:

"It is my duty to warn you that you are not obliged to say anything or to answer any question, but anything you say, whether in answer to a question or not, may be given in evidence"; and

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE (AMENDMENT AND EXTENSION)

Section/ provision

Amendment

- (b) a statement made by any person before there is time to caution him shall not be rendered inadmissible in evidence merely by reason of no such caution having been administered if it has been administered as soon as possible.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any written law a person accused of an offence to which subsection (1) applies shall not be bound to answer any questions relating to the case after any such caution as aforesaid has been administered to him."
- Delete subsection (i) and the marginal note and delete the figure "(ii)" at the beginning of subsection (ii).
- 117 ... At the end of subsection (ii), after the words "having such jurisdiction", add the following:

"or, if the case is triable only by the High Court, before himself or another Magistrate having juris diction with a view to committal for trial by the High Court".

124 ... Delete subsection (i) and substitute-

"(i) The offence of having escaped from custody may be inquired into or tried by a Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the alleged escape occurred or a Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the person charged with escaping was apprehended after the alleged escape."

127... Delete and substitute-

"When, doubt arises High Court to decide.

- 127. Whenever any doubt arises as to the Court by which any offence should under the preceding provisions of this Chapter be inquired into or tried the High Court may
 - (a) of its own motion; or
 - (b) if a Court subordinate to the High Court refers the question to the High Court for directions; or
- (c) upon application made by the Public Prosecutor or the person charged, decide by which Court the offence shall be inquired into or tried:

Provided that before the decision is taken by the High Court the Public Prosecutor and the person charged shall be entitled to be heard."

KANUN ACARA JENAYAH (PINDAAN DAN PERLUASAN)

Seksyen/ peruntukan

Pindaan

would be a bar to subsequent pro-ceedings against that person for the same offence if the offence had been committed in Malaysia shall be a bar to further proceedings against him under any written law relating to extradition or the surrender of fugitive criminals in force in Malaysia in respect of the same offence in any territory beyond the limits of west Malaysia.

Act 91

(2) For the purposes of this section the expression "permanent resident" has the meaning assigned by the Courts of Judicature Act. 1964.

Power to direct copies to depositions and exhibits to be received in evidence

127A. Wherever any such offence as is referred to in section 127A is being inquired into or tried, the Public Prosecutor may, if he thinks fit, direct that copies of depositions made or exhibits produced before the diplomatic officer in or for the territory in which the offence is alleged to have been committed shall be received as evidence by the Court holding the inquiry or trial in any case in which such Court might issue a commission for taking evidence as to the matters to which the depositions or exhibits relate.".

Potong dan gantikan dengan,-138

"Procedure in inquines preparatory to commitment exception thereto

138. The following procedure shall be adopted in inquiries before a Magistrate where the inquiry is held with a view to committal for trial before the High Court, and. except as otherwise provided in Chapter XLII, no person shall be tried before such Court unless he shall have been committed for trial after a preliminary inquiry under the provisions of this Chapter."

183a Masukkan dalam Bab XXI sebelum seksyen 184 seksyen baru yang berikut-

"Application of this Chapter

183A. (1) This Chapter shall apply only to Sabah and Sarawak.
(2) Parliament may at any time by resolution passed by both Houses declare that this Chapter shall cause to apply to this Chapter shall cease to apply to Sabah, or to Sarawak, or to both, and upon the passing of such resolution this Chapter shall apply accordingly."

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE (AMENDMENT AND EXTENSION)

Section/ provision

Amendment

Act 91

(2) For the purposes of this section the expression "permanent resident" has the meaning assigned by the Courts of Judicature Act, 1964.

Power to direct copies to depositions and exhibits m be received in evidence. 127R. Wherever any such offence as is referred to in section 127A is being inquired into or tried, the Public Prosecutor may, if he thinks fit, direct that copies of depositions made or exhibits produced before the diplomatic officer in or for the territory in which the offence is alleged to have been committed shall be received as evidence by the Court holding the inquiry or trial in any case in which such Court might issue a commission for taking evidence as to the matters to which the depositions or exhibits relate."

138 ... Delete and substitute-

i Procedure in unmade preparatory Meet Meet exception thereto. 138. The following procedure shall be adopted in inquiries before a Magistrate where the inquiry is held with a view to committal for trial before the High Court, and, except as otherwise provided in Chapter XLII, no person shall be tried before such Court unless he shall have been committed for trial after a preliminary inquiry under the provisions of this Chapter."

Insert in Chapter XXI before section 184 the following new section-

"Application of this Chapter.

183A. (1) This Chapter shall apply only to Sabah and Sarawak.

(2) Parliament may at any time by resolution passed by both Houses declare that this Chapter shall cease to apply to Sabah, or to Sarawak, or to both, and upon the passing of such resolution this Chapter shall apply accordingly.".

For the words "with the approval of the Yang di-Pertuan Agong" substitute "after consultation with the Director of Public Prosecutions".

197 Delete the words ", and his reasons therefor," in the first sentence and the words "and reasons" in the second sentence.

ACT A324

10 Section/ Amendment provision Insert immediately below the heading to Chapter 199A XXII the following new section: "Application of this Chapter. 199A. This Chapter shall apply to all the States of West Malaysia and only to those States: Provided that Parliament may at any time by resolution passed by both Houses declare that this Chapter shall apply to Sabah, or to Sarawak, or to both, and upon the passing of such a resolution this Chapter shall apply with effect from such date as may be specified in the resolution.". Insert immediately below the heading Chapter XXIII 235A the following new section 235A. The provisions of this Chapter relating to jurors and juries shall apply to the States of West Malaysia, and the "Application of this chapter provisions relating to assessors shall apply to Sabah and Sarawak.". 244 (iii) For the words "at the last preceding Assizes" substitute "since the last occasion on which all the mmes in the ballot-box have been exhausted". For the words "Assizes" substitute "trial". 245, 247 (ii) and 248 (a) Delete the words ", whether before or during the 247 (iii) Assizes,". Delete and substitute 252... 252. Subject to the other provisions of this Code every person committed for trial shall, unless a Judge otherwise orders, be tried as soon as practicable after the record of the proceedings and the corp thereof Person committed for trial to be tried at soon as practicable. of the proceedings and the copy thereof required to be forwarded under section 147 have reached the Registar and the Public Prosecutor respective: Provided that a Judge may, for good cause to be recorded by him in writing, postpone from time to time the trial of any person committed for trial.". 303 ... Insert at the beginning of Chapter XXX the following new section 303A. Any reference in this Chapter to a Magistrate and a Magistrate's Court shall be deemed to include a reference to a President of Sessions Court, or a Sessions Court, as the case may be; and the expressions "Magistrate" and "Magistrate's Court" shall be construed Appeals from sessions, Courts.

accordingly.".

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE (AMENDMENT AND EXTENSION)

Section/ provision

Amendment

324 ...

- Renumber as "324 (I)" and add the following subsection -
 - "(2) The provisions of section 303A shall apply for the construction of subsection (1).".

376...

- 1. Insert immediately after subsection (i) the following new subsection:-
 - "(iA) The State Attorney-General, Sabah shall be the Director of Public Prosecutions in Sabah and the State Attorney-General, Sarawak shall be the Director of Public Prosecutions in Sarawak and shall act as Public Prosecutor in their respective States with all the powers of the Public Prosecutor under the general direction and control of the Attorney-General."; and
- 2. Delete subsections (iii) and (iv) and substitute—
 "(iii) The Public Prosecutor or, subject to his directions (if any) the Director of Public Prosecutions in Sabah or Sarawak, as the case may be, may appoint fit and proper persons to be Deputy Public Prosecutors who shall be under the general control and direction of the Public Prosecutor and may exercise all or any of the rights and powers vested in or exercisable by the Public Prosecutor or the Director of Public Prosecutions by or under this Code or any other written law except any rights or powers expressed to be exercisable by the Public Prosecutions personally.
 - (iv) The rights and powers vested in or exercisable by the Public Persecutor or the Director of Public Prosecutions by subsection (iii) and sections 68 (ii), 184 (ii), 381, 385 and 386 shall be exercisable by the Public Prosecutor or the Director of Public Prosecutions personally."

402A

Insert the following new section at the end of Chapter XXXIX -

"Notice to be given of defence of alibi

- 402A. (1) Where in any criminal trial the accused seeks to put forward a defence of alibi, evidence in support thereof shall not be admitted unless the accused shall have given notice in writing thereof to the Public Prosecutor at least ten days before the commencement of the trial.
- (2) The notice required by subsection(1) shall include particulars of the place where the accused claims to have been at the time of the commission of the offence with

12 Act A324

Section/ provision

Amendment

which he is charged, together with the names and addresses of any witnesses whom he intends to call for the purpose of establishing his alibi."

417 ... Delete and substitute-

"High court's power to transfer cases. 417. (1) Whenever it is made to appear to the High Court-

- (a) that a fair and impartial inquiry or trial cannot be had in any criminal Court subordinate thereto; or
- (b) that some question of law of unusual difficulty is likely to arise;
- (c) that a view of the place in or near which any offence has been committed may be required for the satisfactory inquiry into or trial of the same; or
- (d) that an order under this section will tend to the general convenience of the parties or witnesses: or
- (e) that such an order is expedient for the ends of justice, or is required by any provision of this Code,

it may order-

- (aa) that any offence be inquired into or tried by any Court not empowered under sections 121 to 126 but in other respects competent to inquire into or try such offence; or
- (bb) that any particular case or class of cases be transferred from a criminal Court subordinate thereto to any other such criminal Court of equal or superior jurisdiction; or

(cc) that any particular criminal case be transferred to and tried before the High Court; or

- (dd) that an accused person be committed for trial before the High Court; or
- (ee) that a person committed for trial in one place be tried in another place.
- (2) The High Court may make an order under subsection (1) either on the report of the lower Court. or on the application of the Public Prosecutor or the accused person, or on its own initiative.

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(3) (a) When an order is made under paragraph (cc) of subsection (1) the lower Court before which the inquiry into, or the trial of, the offence against the accused person is pending shall,

(if the case is triable by the lower Court) without holding a preliminary inquiry under Chapter XVII; or

(if the case is triable by the High Court and the preliminary inquiry under Chapter XV1I is in progress or has not yet commenced when the order is made) without holding or completing such preliminary inquiry,

cause the accused person to appear or be brought before the High Court on the date specified in the said order or as soon as may be practicable if no such date is specified.

date is specified.

(b) When the accused person appears or is brought before the High Court in accordance with paragraph (a), it shall fix a date for his trial which shall be held in accordance with the procedure under Chapter XX.

(4) The Court to which a case is transferred under this section may act on the evidence already recorded in an inquiry or a trial or partly so recorded and partly recorded by itself, or it may re-summon the witnesses and re-commence the inquiry or trial:

Provided that in any case so transferred the Public Prosecutor or the accused person may, when the Court to which the case is transferred commences its proceedings, apply that the witnesses or any of them be resummoned and re-

418A

Insert the following new section in Chapter XI II immediately after section 418-

"Trials by High Court on a certificate by the public Procecutor

418A. (I) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 417, the Public Prosecutor may in any particular case triable by a criminal Court subordinate to the High Court issue a certificate requiring the Court before which the case is pending to remove it to the High Court at such place as may be specified in the certificate and to cause the accused person to appear or be produced before the said High Court.

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Section/ provision

Amendment

- (2) The power of the Public Prosecutor under subsection (1) shall be exercised by him personally.
- (3) Upon receipt of the certificate, the Court before which the case is trouble shall without holding a preliminary inquiry under Chapter XVII transmit the case to the High Court mentioned in the certificate and cause the accused person to appear or be brought before such High Court as soon as may be practicable; and thereafter the provisions of subsection (3) (b) and subsection (4) of section 417 shall apply to such case *mutatis mutandis*."

First Schedule

Column 7 shall have effect with such modifications as are necessary to bring the punishments mentioned therein into conformity with the amended punishments prescribed in the Penal Code (Amendment and Extension) Act, 1976.